HOME.

w permitted in the muni--under-Lyne.

oved the appointment of formerly the Speaker of ons) as a Knight Grand ons) as a the Bath.

1 who lost their fathers on Saturday entertained e Southport Conservative ngdale beach.

weliffe, assistant solicitor f Hastings, has been ap-licitor to the Southport

ich a steam-waggon with tor-car, a horse, and coal-standard were concerned, Road, Hampetead. As the between the vehicles the I was hit and enapped off round. The standard shot entangled in the branches it remained suspended by nicles were badly damaged, ghtly injured.

ROAD.

SULTS.

ppointments have been

Physics: Mr. E. C. S. Dick-Ph.D. (Bonn). Engineering: Mr. C. M. esteri

eering: Mr. Eric Jones,

n History: Miss Phyllis J.

EAST.

v.

ORIGIN OF THE ALLIANCE WITH TURKEY.

on, a Southport Corporasketh Park, has been apr to the York Corporation, STRENGTH AND POLICY OF THE KEMALISTS.

By Arthur Ransome.

REVAL, JULY 8.

The arrest of the members of the Turkish held at Newbiggin to-day d Gibson Goulding, stated ho was found dead in the el. Goulding was lying am undemocratic more sed in water, and two stuffed tightly into his the Turkish Revolution. Up to this point is the Turkish Revolution. Up to this point a complete break between Constantinople and the Anatolian patriots had been avoided. It now became inevitable. The fact that the Government in Constantinople was talking with the Allies on behalf of the Turkish people whom it so flagrantly misrepresented was a challenge that could only be met in one way. Constantinople could not be silenced but it could be ignored. It could not be prevented from making decisions, but the rest of Turkey could prove by actions that those decisions had no influence upon it, and that x on pianos is expected to if decisions were wanted that were worth cs. It seems that 99,000 having it was necessary to deal with someone other than the amenable Ferid. Henceement dealing with aerial ay and Great Britain has alf of the Norwegian and The agreement comes. The agreement comes with the Allies were definitely at odds, and it became clear that the effect of the Allies' actions had been to soldify and the can ind wings attached to the eral metres and thus cross

It should be remembered that there was no moment during which the Anatolian Turks were a rocket, which was were free from attack of some kind, legitimised perhaps by decisions to which they had not been party. They had not a moment to lose before setting up a new authority in the control of the setting up a new authority in the control of the setting up a new authority in the control of the setting up a new authority in the control of the setting up a new authority in the control of the setting up a new authority in the control of the setting up a new authority in the control of the setting up a new authority in the setting up a new authority i It should be remembered that there was no d to a height of over six debates beforehand as to whether the Parliay which airmen attempt.

debates beforehand as to whether the Parliament should meet in Angora or Constantiment should meet in Angora or Constantirecords must descend at from which they started is that this condition is practically impossible of sky is cloudy.

nople, and Mustapha Kemal, who was of the former opinion, though elected as delegate from Sivas, had foretold the coup that took place, and did not go to Constantinople. He was in Angora when the news of the suppres-R UNIVERSITY.

RECORD TO SERVICE STATES A SECTION OF THE Parliament added the pressige of political acumen to his already high reputation as a soldier. Ho, together with Ali Fuad (who, after being commander of the Turkish troops on the Greek front, went to Moscow to make the treaty with Russia) and others, immediately. immediately set about reinforcing the front

and creating the National Assembly of Angora, which speedily became the only Government of authority in Turkey.

I saw Ali Fusad in Moscow. He is a young man of considerable personal charm and a lively talker, sometimes, ruther in the manner. lively talker, sometimes, rather in the manner of Tartarin of Tarascon, waving Greeks, Frenchmen, Italians, and English with easy ratic Surgery and Assistant matic Surgery: Mr. W. H. (Manchester), F.R.C.S., (Manchester), F.R.C.S., all Surgery and Assistant cal Surgery: Mr. Charles Lond.), F.R.C.S. gy: Mr. Arnold Renshaw, R.C.P. White physics a rather different account of the sea, sometimes giving a local but not altogether convincing account of Turkish wrongs. From the indignation with which he speaks of Armenian and Greek slaughters of Turks one would gather that the Turks were a civilized, gentle race who thomselves had never massacred anyone at all. He serves a rather different account of all. He gives a rather different account of the earlier stages of the revolution than that

RUSSIAN POLICY IN THE grammes to the Left. He says that the principle of unity between secular and spiritual power has collapsed in the minds of the masses. He even goes so far as to say that all parties now favour republican form,

that all parties now favour republican form, and that not only Socialists but also Left Nationalists talk of a Soviet Republic. General Ali Fund gives quite another and more credible view. According to him the bulk of the Angora Assembly is made up of Constitutional Monarchists for whom the Constitution is more important than the monarch. The Sultantis considered necessary, only he must be a good, sensible Sultan who will do what Turkey and not what the who will do what Turkey and not what the Allies tell him. I asked him directly what the revolutionaries meant to do with the Sultan (for they assume as axiomatic that they will presently dominate Constantinople). He smiled and lit a cigarette. Then he replied with equal directness, "We shall keep him, just as the Russian Revolution, instead of destroying old historic monuments and pictures, is even willing to give money for their preservation. Just so we shall preserve him, as if he were an Old Master. num, as if he were au Old Master. He will have the power of a picture; no, perhaps a little more. He will be allowed to hand out decorations and swords of honour. [Ali Fuad is no doubt expecting one of these latter for himself.] Pictures cannot do that. We shall give him enough to live on. We have to keep him, because he is not only Sultan but also Khalif, and Turkey alone cannot destroy the Khalif, and Turkey alone cannot destroy the Khalifate without the sanction of the whole Moslem world. But the members of his family will have no rights other than those common to every citizen of Turkey."

Allegiance to Angora.

Constantinople and Angora being definitely at odds, it remained to be seen which of the two had the allegiance of Turkey. The issue was not long in doubt. One by one, and in small parties, in sailing boats, in disguise, and across the mainland on donkeys, on horseback, on foot, in every possible way, a constant stream of prominent Turks who had escaped deportation to Malta slipped away from Constantinople and went to Angora. There were such unmistakable signs of the tendency of popular feeling as the escape of political prisoners from the gaols who went off to Asia Minor, not alone, but accompanied by their gaolers. The one famous woman writer of Turkey, Halidi Hanoum, once a pupil of the American school in Constantinople, a lady of very considerable influence, travelled on foot and on packhorses, a journey of twenty-two days, to offer her assistance to the Government that was constituting itself at Angora. Jelaleddin, the President of the Parliament that had been destroyed in Constantinople, came to Angora, giving by his presence some sort of legal sanction to the Angora Assembly, of which he became Vice President. Constantinople became simply a marionette show disconnected from the Turkish world, a toy theatre of puppets, of which, by calling the Augorane to the London Conference, the Allies at last recognised the futility of pulling the strings.

This recognition, unfortunately, was preceded by many months during which the collapse of the "Kemalists" was prophesied as perseveringly as that of the Bolsheviks had been prophesied at the time when they were daily gaining strength. And during these months, in spite of the traditional enmity between the two races and prodigious mistrust at least on the Russian side, was gradually forged the Russo-Turkish alliance, which is now the dominating fact in Eastern politics from Constantinople to Kabul. The formation of that alliance, in itself a sort of miracle, must be considered as the Allies' own handiwork, a direct result of their misjudgment of the Turkish situation on the one hand and the Russian situation on the other. ster).
a been appointed Assistant which I put together in the preceding article.
b. M.A. (London), has result to keep to the political side of the self-deception at Constantinople, or if they as a soldier, had made peace with Russia in 1919, possibly

THE WEATHER

FORECASTS FOR TO

The Meteorological Office issue t forecasts for the twenty-four hour midnight to-night:—

S.E., E., and S.W. England, Eastern Midlands, and South Wales.—Lig variable breezes; cloudy; local al perhaps thunder; fair intervals;

N.W. and N.E. England, Northern 3 Wales, and Isle of Man.—Light, wmainly fair, but cloudy in places; day visibility fair to good; waru Further Outlook.—Variable weather, rain or showers, in the South an fair in the North and East.

Sun rises. Sats. Moon rise To-day....... 5 02 ... 9 28 7 59 p.m To-morrow... 5 04 ... 9 26 8 38 p.m For every ten miles north of Mancheste y 44 seconds. [The figures are corrected to the new Sur

LAMP-TIME FOR VEHICLES TO-DAY

YESTERDAY IN MANCI

Manchester Whitworth Park Meteorologic Sunday, July 17, 10 p.m.

Warm and fine; tending to overcast to arometer rising after quick fall.

Sbade Temperature.
To-day, Yest. |
Dry bulb, 10 a.m. 708 ... 650 | Maxhmum
Dry bulb, 10 p.m. 72:3 ... 660 | Minimum

THE HEALTH RESC

The following reports indicate the alth resorts for the twenty-four last evening:

Sun-Rain-Temperat

	pun-		Rain-Temperat			
•		<hine.< th=""><th>. 1</th><th>ligh-</th><th>Lo</th></hine.<>		. 1	ligh-	Lo
	Hrs.		М по.		est. est	
Harrogate	9.2		3		80-	56
New Brighton	4.5		0.5	***	75-	
Douglas	0.6				64-	
Southport	9.2	•••	_		73~	
Rhyl	7.8		0.4	•••	72	
Colwyn Bay		•••		•••	72-	
Colwyn Bay	7:4	•••	Ξ,	•••	73-	
Liandudno	6.8	•••	1	•••		
Felixatowe	9.5	•••	-	***	76-	
Hastings	1.4	•	_	***	78	
Eastbourne	1.6	***	_	***	74-	
Brighton	3.3	•••	_	•••	76-	
Bournemouth	1.0	•••	_		77-	
Torquay	3.5	•••	_	•••	71-	
lifracombe	4.5	•••	0-1		69 -	63
Penzance	7.0	•••	1	•••	74-	62

TO-DAY'S ARRANGEM

House of Commons: Finance Bill

SILK UMBRELLAS RE-CC FOR 6/9. ANY SIZE. THE "STANDARD," 13, MARKET

WESTMACOTTS SODA IN BOTTLES AND SYPHO

JACKDAW" MOTO Those who have it are fully so tarily appreciative, and will use no ot "Olliest Oll." TELEPHONE, CALL UPON, OR A. H. DAWSON & CO., New Wakefield St., 1

WREATHS
WILLIAMSON'S, Smithfield Market.

DIGESTIVE PILLS at WES will cure your trouble, 3/- 17. Ma

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1s, 6d. per line.

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MARRIAGES.

ANDREW : PLATT.—On the 16th inst., Church, Gatley, by the Rev. John Bri

BROAD.

tax on pianos is expected to rancs. It seems that 99,000 ing used in France.

cycle, invented by a graduate ersity, will shortly be tested not claims that he can and wings attached to the several metres and thus cross

of the Fourteenth of July ayence a rocket, which was down into an open box confrockets, which all went off the Rhine flotilla and one sly burned.

TER UNIVERSITY.

TS & EXAMINATION ESULTS.

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Physics: Mr. E. C. S. Dick-gel, Ph.D. (Bonn). in Engineering: Mr. C. M. ichester).

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has been appointed Assistant uncil and Senate, agh, M.A. (London), has rement as Locturer in Educate of his appointment to the at University College, Swan-

f Wales has conferred upon the Honorary Degree of

sor Tait has been elected a sh Academy.

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I Scholarships: Irvin Cooper rrison. Advanced Student.: Nora F. Hartley, M.A., and h. B.A. Platt Physiological L. Mucklow. Dauntesey Scholarships: F. H. Smirk kitson (second). Dumville L. Sheehan. Sidney Ren. M. Linford and H. Lupton Mark Hoyell Memorial and M. Linford and H. Lupton Mark Hovell Memorial and ry Prizes: J. S. Rhodes and I between). Platt Biological Bunting. John Dalton ize: O. D. Hunt and William ween). Leo Grindon Prize: Lily Spence Prize: Eliza-Cobden Prize: H. L. Mars-

ctor of Philosophy has been in Alexander McRae.

N PUBLIC HEALTH.

ISH HOSPITAL.

Government in Constantinople was talking and was hit and enapped off eground. The standard shot ne entangled in the branches on the tremained suspended by was a challenge that could only be met in one was chiefly injured.

Constantinople could not be silenced was. hut it could be ignored. It could not be prevented from making decisions, but the rest of Turkey could prove by actions that those decisions had no influence upon it, and that if decisions were wanted that were worth having it was necessary to deal with some-one other than the amenable Ferid. Hence-forth the revolution and those of the Turka one other than the revolution and those of the Turks forth the revolution and those of the Turks who were willing under these circumstances to work with the Allies were definitely at odds, and it became clear that the effect of the Allies' actions had been to solidify and etrengthen, by imparting an heroic and national character, a movement which in its hadinal character, a movement which in its hadinal character, a movement which in its against themselves.
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moment during which the Anatolian Turks were free from attack of some kind, legitimised perhaps by decisions to which they had not been party. They had not a moment to lose before setting up a new authority in
Asia Minor to replace that of Constantinople,
now definitely disowned.

There had been Asia Minor to replace that of Constantinople, now definitely disowned. There had been debates beforehand as to whether the Parliament should meet in Angora or Constantinople, and Mustapha Kemal, who was of the former opinion, though elected as delegate from Sivas, had foretold the coup that took is practically impossible of le sky is cloudy. was in Angora when the news of the suppression of the Parliament added the prestige of political acumen to his already high reputa-tion as a soldier. He, together with Ali Fuad (who, after being commander of the Turkish troops on the Greek front, went to Moscow to make the treaty with Russia) and others, immediately set about reinforcing the front and creating the National Assembly of Angora, which speedily became the only Gov-

ernment of authority in Turkey.

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The Angora Assembly.

The Assembly was got together with the utmost possible speed and evidently with very small attention to the niceties of democratic usage, but with an effort to see that it should be really representative. Speed was essential, as it was needed as an instrument- to meet hostilities that had already begun.
At the same time and for the same reason its conveners had to make sure that they were basing their actions not on mere personal aspiration but actually on the people. They had to know that the people would back the Assembly in whatever it decided. Its members sit by various rights. Members of the Parliament suppressed in Constantinople the Assembly in whatever it decided. Its Boullen, M.B., Ch.B., G. F. Ch.B., J. W. Chadwick, William Edge, M.R.C.S., Fisher, M.B., Ch.B., Austin nest Jones, M.B., Ch.B., W. Ch.B., Emily M. Peach, Ritchie, M.B., Ch.B., W. Ch.B., R. J. Staley, M.B., Stott, M.B., B.S. firmed, in some cases by professions, doctors electing their man, and so on. The proportion of actual delegates to mambers of the

give him enough to live on. We have to keep him, because he is not only Sultan but also Khalif, and Turkey alone cannot destroy the Khalifate without the sanction of the whole Moslem world. But the members of his family will have no rights other than those common to every citizen of Turkey."

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ceded by many months during which the collapse of the "Kemalists" was prophesied as perseveringly as that of the Bolsheviks had been prophesied at the time when they were daily gaining strength. And during these months, in spite of the traditional enmity between the two races and prodigious mistrust at least on the Russian prodigious mistrust at least on the Russian side, was gradually forged the Russo-Turkish alliance, which is now the dominating fact in astern politics from Constantinople to Kabul The formation of that alliance, in itself a sort of miracle, must be considered as the Allies own handiwork, a direct result of their mis-judgment of the Turkish situation on the one hand and the Russian situation on the other If the Allies had stopped in time their fatal self-deception at Constantinople, or if they had made peace with Russia in 1919, possibly even if we had signed a trade agreement a year before we did, it is difficult to see how that alliance could have come about. But the outlawry of two nations, neighbours of each other, could only have the effect of forcing them into each other's arms for purposes of self-defence.

There was a fatal similarity in their experiences. Internal revolts which they confidently affirm were inspired from without, going so far in some cases as to name the agents employed, were accompanied by the loosing of the terriers of war in the shape of the armies of small nations, provisioned and equipped by the Allies. In both cases they were pressed extremely hard, and in both cases the ultimate result of thus baiting them was merely to strengthen and embitter them. In both cases their enemies very much under-estimated the revolutionary force that was behind them, and would have been extremely astonished by the results that would have followed the collapse of either. With regard to Turkey, for example, it is said that sooner than submit to the Entente and the Sevres Peace the Turks were ready in the last resort to hand over power to the Turkish Communists, thereby, at whatever cost to themselves, giving a quite incalculable impetus to revolutionary movements throughout the East.

MISS VICTORIA MONKS NOT GUILTY.

DEMONSTRATION IN COURT.

To-day, Yest. | Dry buib, 10 s.m. 70 8 ... 65 0 | Maximum Dry buib, 10 p.m. 72 3 _j.. 66 0 | Minimum ... To-Solar maximum (black buib) 1 Rainfall (in inches)............... Tr

THE HEALTH RESC

The following reports indicate the

	Sun- shine. Hrs.		Rain. Temperat fail. High. Lo. Mm. est. est.			
	9.2	-			80-56	
Harrogate		•••	. 3	•••		
New Brighton	4.5	***	0-5	•••	7561	
Douglas	0.8		~~~		6457	
South port	9.2		_		73 58	
Rhy!	7.8		0-4		72-59	
Colwyn Bay	7.4		_		72-60	
Liandudno	6.6		1		73-61	
		•••		•••		
Felixatowe	9.5	•••	-	•••	76-61	
lastings	1.4			•••	78 —61	
Restbourne	1.6	***	_	•••	74—60	
Brighton	3.3		_		76-61	
Bournemouth	1.0	•••	_	•••	7758	
Porquey	3·2		_	•••	71-62	
tien combo					69-63	
lifracombe	4.5	•••	0.1	***		
Penzance	70	***	1		74-62	

JO-DAY'S ARRANGEM

House of Commons: Finance Bill

SILK UMBRELLAS RE-CC FOR 6/9. ANY SIZE. THE "STANDARD," 13. MARKET

WESTMACOTTS SODA IN BOTTLES AND SYPHO

JACKDAW" MOTO Those who have it are fully so tarily appreciative, and will use no ot "Olliest Oil."

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WREATHS WILLIAMSON'S, Smithfield Market,

DIGESTIVE PILLS at WES will cure your trouble, 3/- 17, Ma

Announcements in this column are charge 1s. 6d. per line.

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BIRTHS.

BIRD.—On the 15th inst., at 95, Palatine den, to Mr. and Mrs. E. BIRD (nee 2 a daughter.

CHARNLEY.—On July 15, at Traisigar I to Mr. and Mrs. HAROLD CHA Thornton), a daughter.

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MARRIAGES.

ANDREW: PLATT.—On the 16th inst., Church, Galley, by the Rev. John Bri GEOFFREY, only son of Mr. and ANDREW, of Cheedle Heath, to MAI second daughter of the late W. H. P. Platt, of Gatley.

BIBSY: ASHTON.—On the 16th inst.,
Parish Church, Birkdale, IVOR ED
a cond son of Mr. and Mrs. Bibby,
SABAH (Salhe), only daughter of Mr.
ASHTON, The Lodge, Brighton Road
Manchester.

MATHIE: MILEY.-On July 16, at the 1 Carch, by the Rev. J. M. Storm ROBERT, second son of Mr. and Mrs. of 46, Trenant Stoad, Pendiston, to daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Mi. Lane, Eccles.-67, Critnfield Road, Al

SILVER WEDDING.

OLITHEROW: WHITE.—On the 18th Ju Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Oxfor chester, by the Rev. J. Lees. W. CLITHEROW, of London, to JESSIE W. sight, Manchester.

DEATHS.

ARDEKN.—On the 15th inst., at Bonis E MARY ANN, wife of the late Lewrence of Hasel Mount, Glockport. Interment Cemercry to-day (Monday), twelve no Rostron Bros., Market Place, Stockport

Withington, ANNIB, widow of the ARMITAGE (late of Levenshulme). It port Borough Cemetery on Tuesday, a

port Borough Cemesery on Tuesday, a BARRY.—On the 14th inst., accidentall Oxford, ZDWARD BARRY, B.A., only and Einsbeth Barry, of 18, 18, and Openshew, in his 23nd year. B.LP. et. Anne's Church, Parrield, on Tue prior to interment at Moiton Cemeter; Mesers. Fyans and Gordon, Ltd. (6769)

BAYNE...On July 15, 1921, the result of THOMAS BAYNE, of St. Annes-on-Sea, Bayne and Son, Ltd., Burnley, aged at the Burnley Cometery on Tuesday, at twelve scon. All inquiries to Cal Ltd., Barnley.

the Rhine flotilla and one lose before settly burned.

s by which airmen attempts the records must descend at he from which they started, on is that this condition is is practically impossible of e sky is cloudy.

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ISH HOSPITAL.

y had received £1,000 out of to these voluntarily sup-would be materially fin-antime, however, they were. Their expenditure during I in excess of their expendi-ar, and there was a deficit g of £237. With this deficit iture of some £3,500, which leaning and repainting the -ray installation, and the ric light, the Board's diffi-se demands of the future

of the Fourteenth of July syence a rocket, which was were free from attack of some kind, legitimised perhaps by decisions to which they had not been party. They had not a moment to lose before setting up a new authority in Asia Minor to replace that of Constantinople, now definitely disowned. There had been ss extends its sympathy to definitely disowned. There had been ded to a height of over six cord) for failing to conform s by which airmen attemptnople, and Mustapha Kemal, who was of the former opinion, though elected as delegate from Sivas, had foretold the coup that took place, and did not go to Constantinople. He was in Angora when the news of the suppression of the Parliament added the prestige of political acumen to his already high reputa-tion as a soldier. He, together with Ali Fuad (who, after being commander of the Turkish troops on the Greek front, went to Moscow to make the treaty with Russia) and others. immediately set about reinforcing the front and creating the National Assembly of Angora, which speedily became the only Government of authority in Turkey.

I saw Ali Fuad in Moscow. He is a young man of considerable personal charm and a lively talker, sometimes, rather in the manner

of Tartarin of Tarascon, waving Greeks, Frenchmen, Italians, and English with easy gestures into the sea, sometimes giving a lucid but not altogether convincing account of Turkish wrongs. From the indignation with which he speaks of Armenian and Greek slaughters of Turks one would gather that the Turks were a civilised, gentle race who themselves had never massacred anyone at all. He gives a rather different account of the earlier stages of the revolution than that which I put together in the preceding article. I tried to keep to the political side of the revolution's development. He, as a soldier, is tempted to see it exclusively in terms of war, and to attribute the consolidation of the Anatolian movement to himself and a few other officers who replied to the aggression of Greeks and Armenians by a reorganisation of the army. I got him to give me an out-line of the constitution of the Grand National Assembly of Anatolia which sits at Angora, and I obtained confirmation of his account from various other sources.

The Angora Assembly.

The Assembly was got together with the utmost possible speed and evidently with very small attention to the niceties of democratic usage, but with an effort to see that it should be really representative. Speed was essential, as it was needed as an instrument to neet hostilities that had already begun.
At the same time and for the same reason its conveners had to make sure that they were basing their actions not on mere personal aspiration but actually on the people. They had to know that the people would back the Assembly in whatever it decided. Its members ait by various rights. Members of the Parliament suppressed in Constantinople were given their seats at Angora without further election. Side by side with these sit a large number of delegates elected expressly to the Assembly by districts, and, so Ali Fuad says, through I have not had this confirmed, in some cases by professions, doctors electing their man, and so on. The propor-tion of actual delegates to mambers of the old Parliament is about three to one, and there are 400 delegates in all.

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Not realising that the fact might be interpreted in two ways, Ali Fuad, by way of proving the democratic character of the board of managering the current year the ave to face serious difficultations. The Assembly is both legislative and acceptains are 400 delegates in all.

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System of Local Government.

Local government is arranged on a plan something like the Russian, but without the idea of social revolution, without the idea of

off to Asia Minor, not alone, but accompanied The one famous woman by their gaolers. writer of Turkey, Halidi Hanoum, once a pupil of the American school in Constantinople, a lady of very considerable influence, travelled on foot and on packhorses, a journey of twenty-two days, to offer her assistance to the Government that was constituting itself at Angora. Jelaleddin, the President of the Parliament that had been destroyed in Constantinople, came to Angora, giving by his presence some sort of legal sanction to the Angora Assembly, of which he became Vice President. Constantinople became simply a marionette show disconnected from the Turkish world, a toy theatre of puppets, of which, by calling the Angorans to the London Conference, the Allies at last recognised the futility of pulling the strings. This recognition, unfortunately, was pre-

ceded by many months during which the collapse of the "Kemalists" was prophesied as perseveringly as that of sied as perseveringly as that of the Bolsheviks had been prophecied at the time when they were daily gaining strength. And during these months, in spite of the traditional enmity between the two races and prodicious mistry between the two races. prodigious mistrust at least on the Russian side, was gradually forged the Russo Turkish alliance, which is now the dominating fact in Eastern politics from Constantinople to Kabul. The formation of that alliance, in itself a sort of miracle, must be considered as the Allies' own handiwork, a direct result of their mis-judgment of the Turkish situation on the one hand and the Russian situation on the other. If the Allies had stopped in time their fatal self-deception at Constantinople, or if they had made peace with Russia in 1919, possibly even if we had signed a trade agreement a year before we did, it is difficult to see how that alliance could have come about. But the outlawry of two nations, neighbours of each other, could only have the effect of forcing them into each other's arms for purposes of self-defence.

There was a fatal similarity in their experiences. Internal revolts which they confidently affirm were inspired from without, going so far in some cases as to name the agents employed, were accompanied by the loosing of the terriers of war in the shape of the armies of small nations, provisioned and equipped by the Allies. In both cases they were pressed extremely hard, and in both cases the ultimate result of thus baiting them was merely to strengthen and embitter them. In both cases their enemies very much under-estimated the revolutionary force that was behind them, and would have been extremely astonished by the results that would have followed the collapse of either. With regard to Turkey, for example, it is said that sooner than submit to the Entente and the Sevres Peace the Turks were ready in the last resort to hand over power to the Turkish Communists, thereby, at whatever cost to themselves, giving a quite incalculable impetus to revolutionary movements throughout the East.

MISS VICTORIA MONKS NOT GUILTY.

DEMONSTRATION IN COURT.

The trial of Miss Victoria Monks, the musichall artist, came to an end at the Old Bailey on Saturday, the jury returning a verdict of not guilty. She was accused of stealing or alternatively receiving a dressing-case and contents, valued at £1,500, the property of Mrs. tents, valued at £1,500, the property of Mrs. Ethel Blanche Price Hughes. The proceedings were considerably shortened by the plea of guilty of stealing by finding entered on Friday by Arthur Simmonds, who was charged jointly with Miss Monks.

The jury were absent about an hour, and when their verdict was announced there were shouts of "Hurrah" in the spectators' part of the court. The Recorder immediately ordered the court to be cleared, and this was done.

Asked if he had anything to say, Rimmonds said he had a statement to make, "My plea of guilty," he said, "was obtained by false pretences. I was induced to plead guilty by false pretences."

pretences. I was induced to plead guilty by false pretences."
The Recorder: By whom?
Simmonds: By my counsel and solicitor. This is rather a serious thing to me. When I pleaded guilty I meant that I had guilty knowledge and not that I was guilty of stealing. I never pleaded guilty to stealing. My counsel told me that if I pleaded guilty he would make it quite clear to the jury that it was guilty

JODAY'S ARRANGE

House of Commons: Finance Bil

SILK UMBRELLAS RE-C THE "STANDARD," 13, MARKE

WESTMACOTTS SODA IN BOTTLES AND SYPH

JACKDAW" MOT Those who have it are fully prily appreciative, and will use no colliest out." A. H. DAWSON & CO., New Wakefield St.

WREATHS
WILLIAMSON'S, Smithfield Market

DIGESTIVE PILLS at WE will cure your trouble, 3/- 17. M

innouncements in this column are charg 1s. 6d. per line.

All such announcements must be auth name and address of the sender. I postal orders may be sent in paymen

BIRTHS.

BIBD.—On the 15th inst., at 95, Palatin den, to Mr. and Mrs. E. BIRD (nee a daughter.

CHARMLEY.—On July 15, at Trafalgar to Mr. and Mrs. HAROLD CH Thornton), a daughter.

HASLAM.—On the 12th inst., at Avenue, Ashton-on-Ribble, to Mr. HASLAM, a son.

SANDFORD.—On July 15, at Ash J Yorks, to Mr. and Mrs. FRANK T. Mand Ogilvie), a daughter.

WARRIAGES.

ANDREW: PLATT.—On the 15th ins Ohurch, Gatley, by the Rev. John I GEOFFREY, only son of Mr. at ANDREW, of Cheadle Heath, to M second daughter of the late W. H. Platt, of Gatley.

BBY: ASHTON.—On the 16th ins Parish Church; Birkdale, IVOR a second son of Mr. and Mrs. Bib SABAH (Sallie), only daughter of M ASHTON, The Lodge, Brighton Ro Manchester.

THIE: MILES—On July 16, at the Caurch, by the Rev. J. M. Stor ROBERT, second son of Mr. and Mr. of 46, Trenant Boad, Pendleton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. D. 1 Lane. Eccles.—57, Currafield Road,

SILVER WEDDING.

OLITHEROW: WHITE.—On the 18th.
Andrew's Prosbytorian Church, On chester, by the Rev. J. Lees.
CLITHEROW, of London, to JESSIE sight, Manchester.

DEATHS.

ARDER'N.—On the 15th inst., at Bonia MABY ANN, wife of the late Lawrer of Hasel Mount, Stockport. Interme Cemetery to-day (Monday), twelve Bostron Bros., Market Place, Stocky

ARMITAGE.—On the 16th inst., at Withington, ANNIE, widow o ARMITAGE (late of Levenshulme) port Borough Cemotery on Tuesd

port Borougn Cemesery on Tuesday
BARRY.—On the 14th inst., accident
Oxford, EDWARD BARRY, B.A., on
and Elizabeth Barry, of 18, 6t Ar
Openshaw, in his 23nd year. 2.]
8t. Anne's Church, Farrfield, on 1
prior to interment at Moston Cemet
Messra, Fyans and Gordon, Ltd. (67

Mesers. Fyans and Gordon, Ltd. (67
BAYNE.—On July 15, 1921, the resul
THOMAS BAYNE, of St. Anneson-6
Bayne and Son, Ltd., Burnley, age
at the Burnley Cemetery on Tuesda,
at twelve noon. All inquiries to
Ltd., Burnley.
CHAMBERS.—On the 16th inst., at
in her 27th year, OHRMINE, th
daughter of Mrs. H. and the late.
9, St. Clement's Road, ChorRessond
DAYD.—On the 28th May at Reached.

DAVID.—On the 28th May, at Bagdad father of M. S. S. DAVID, 59, W chester. Deeply regretted by

BRAR.—On 14th inst., at Westridg HANNAH FARRAR (formerly Books

HANNAH FARRAR (formerly Bedes)
FARRAR.—On the 14th inst, at Westric
field, HANNAH, only surviving due
Thomas FARRAR, of Beech Benk,
73 years. Internent at Stand Unit
day (Monday), at three o'clock.
GALLIMORE.—On Friday, 15th inst.,
Royal Infirmary, SANUEL GALLIMOR
wick Street, and 58. For 38 year
of Walter Carter, Ltd., Depositories,
meet at the Southern Complexy on '
TOWNS.—On the 18th inst. at the year

JOHES.—On the 12th inst., at the 27, Leach Street, Frestvio MARTHA ELLEN, widow of the of Menton Green, and was Commettery on Friday the 15th:

Constary on Fronty to 10th inst., at MANGARET MEMBA, wife of John Delamere Avenue, Profileton, in ternstan at Weste Cometery this 11 46 a.m. laquiries to Enterson SWALLOW—On the 9th inst., at Elddenstald, EMILT, pile of Edna

to Council and Senate.

Ivenagh, M.A. (London), has re
venagh, B. Lecturer in Educa
uence of his appointment to the

tion at University College, Swannonneu absistani ty of Wales has conferred upon ford the Honorary Degree of

ofessor Tait has been elected a

British Academy. g awards have been made.

g awards have been made,—
sical Scholarships: Irvin Cooper
Morrison. Advanced Studenttion: Nora F. Hartley, M.A., and
lough, B.A. Platt Physiological
S. L. Mucklow. Dauntesey
nce Scholarships: F. H. Smirk
B. Kitson (second). Dumville
H. L. Sheehan. Sidney Renilda M. Linford and H. Lupton
in). Mark Hovell Memorial and
tistory Prizes: J. S. Rhodes and
vided between). Platt Biological
cthel Bunting. John Dalton
by Prize: O. D. Hunt and William Cthel Bunting. John Dalton y Prize: O. D. Hunt and William between). Leo Grindon Prize: Prew. Lily Spence Prize: Eliza ell. Cobden Prize: H. L. Mars

f Doctor of Philosophy has been I John Alexander McRae.

A IN PUBLIC HEALTH.

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t., M.B., Ch.B., K. D. Bean,
tary Boullen, M.B., Ch.B., G. F.

c., Ch.B., J. W. Chadwick,
C.P., William Edge, M.R.C.S.,
las Fisher, M.B., Ch.B., Austin,
Ernest Jones, M.B., Ch.B., W.
M.B., Ch.B., Emily M. Peach,
W. Ritchie, M.B., Ch.B., W. R.

M.B., Ch.B., R. J. Staley, M.B.,
Liam Stott, M.B., B.S. M.B., Ch.B., R. J. Str liam Stott, M.B., B.S.

al meeting of the Manchester

EWISH HOSPITAL.

ial Jewish Hospital, which was am Hill yesterday, Dr. Charles airman of the board of managet during the current year the ld have to face serious difficulgh they were comparatively a they had received £1,000 out of buted among hospitals from the is Fund. He was glad to know, ment had ordered a subsidy of listributed among hospitals this ped that in the future, when the on became easier, the Governions to these voluntarily suptions would be materially fine meantime, however, they were ition. Their expenditure during a £900 in excess of their expendits year, and there was a deficit s £900 in excess of their expendiis year, and there was a deficit
orking of £237. With this deficit
penditure of some £3,500, which
or cleaning and repainting the
he X-ray installation, and the
electric light, the Board's diffiing the demands of the future.
The present accommodation
moreover, was too restricted,
and complete home suitable for
aff was urgently required. The

and complete home suitable for aff was urgently required. The wish hospital's work continued d he appealed earnestly for a of public support. vSicree, the honorary treasurer, a of all connected with hospitals of continuance of the voluntary igh support from the Govern-ving, he honed that they would

ying, he hoped that they would by entirely upon it and be com-it to Government control.

TER PROPERTY SALES.

H. B. Food, at the Thetched House 5 a dwelling-house, No. 44. Gade Lane, to a chief reat of £6 a year. Solicitors, Co., Benchaetr. 400 was realized for Fark House, at the wane and Rochole Bond, together with origiballylings. The site of 518 square w 959 years from 1836, and is subject. £4 a year. Solicitor, Mr. E. Parrington.

EDRAL SERVICES.

s at 11; Evensong at 3 30.

m : Week days, dully at 7 30 a.m. t 11 a.m. Baptisms dally, after due

: Adkins, in A; Anthem, 51 (Read), " Evensong: Adkins, in A; Anthem, ome unto Me."

will be sung by men's voices only tross

which I put together in the preceding article. I tried to keep to the political side of the revolution's development. He, as a soldier, is tempted to see it exclusively in terms of war, and to attribute the consolidation of the Anatolian movement to himself and a few other officers who replied to the aggression of Greeks and Armenians by a reorganisation of the army. I got lrim to give me an outline of the constitution of the Grand National Assembly of Anatolia which sits at Angora, and I obtained confirmation of his account from various other sources. The Angora Assembly.

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preted in two ways, Ali Fuad, by way of proving the democratic character of the Assembly, told me that his own batman was Assembly, told me that his own basinal was elected a member precisely on the same level as himself. The Assembly is both legislative and executive. A certain number of the members have to sit permanently in Angora. Others have to be there not less than four months in the year, being engaged during the rest of the time in administrative posts throughout the country. By way of forming a Government, the Assembly elected "Temporary People's Commissars" who are directly responsible to it, as also is the army, there being no Commander-in-Chief, but a General Staff which reports to a special committee of the Assembly.

System of Local Government.

Local government is arranged on a plan something like the Russian, but without the idea of social revolution, without the idea of dominance by any one class. There is, as in Russia, a cumulative system of assemblies. Groups of villages combine into units of about ten, with a local assembly to manage their affairs. These units send their delegates to a Sanjak Assembly, roughly equivalent to the Soviet of a Russian government or administrative district. The Sanjak Assembly, like the Government Soviet in Russia, has its own complete set of Temporary People's Commissars, War, Supply, Agriculture, &c. Connection with the Centre is sesured by the fact that two of the Sanjak Commissars are ap-pointed from Angora by the National Assembly, and possible friction on this account is lessened by the fact that the San-jak Assembly has the right to reject three nominations of the Centre in succession.

It seems clear that in spite of the obviously democratic intentions of these hand-to-mouth makers of a Constitution there was amo them, at all events at first, only a negligible number of out-and-out republicans. tain Islabut Zekki, reporting as a Communici If the Allies had stopped in time their fatal self-deception at Constantinople, or if they had made peace with Russia in 1919, possibly even if we had signed a trade agreement a year before we did, it is difficult to see how that alliance could have come about. But the outlawry of two nations, neighbours of each other, could only have the effect of forcing them into each other's arms for purposes of self-defence. There was a fatal similarity in their experi-

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Simmonds: By my counsel and solicitor. This is rather a serious thing to me. When I pleaded guilty I meant that I had guilty knowledge and not that I was guilty of stealing. I never pleaded guilty to stealing. My counsel told me that if I pleaded guilty he would make it quite clear to the jury that it was guilty knowledge and not stealing.

The Recorder replied: "You must settle that matter with your counsel and solicitor," and added that the defendant had pleaded guilty and he must bear the consequences of his act. Simmonds: I am willing to pay the penalty. The Recorder said that Simmonds had got into this cab, where the jewel case was found, and the contents were appropriated. He must go to prison for 18 months' with hard labour. Mirs Monks was discharged.

A COUNTRY DIARY.

NORTH OXON, JULY 18.

The drought has become more passionately interesting now that the sky has become cloudy, and that drope of rain have really been seen to fall down out of it. Thunder has been heard peveral times to-day, and twice we have had several times to-day, and twice we have had showers that have laid the dust and brought the aroma of coal moistures in waits through the open window. Young birds that had not before experienced sain might be easy madder the startled dash for cover, and a humanith his hawk-month in like ease abandoned this banks and bussed easily against the window found trying to get in. Meantime the hund fact is our situation is that a great deal of meaning blackness has so far brought forth gractically nothing. We are still dead dry, and gil that is in the clouds in such of art of them before it. and trying from that point of view to put a good face on the matter, says that although blackness has so far brought forth yeariestly no thought of a republican Government "the turning of the Sultan into a puppet of Anglo-French capitalism," the partition of Anatolia, the revolution in Russia, and events in the East have forced all pro-

MARRIAGES.

ANDREW: PLATT.—On the Lifth in Church, Gatley, by the Bev. John GEOFFREY, only son of Mr. a ANDREW, of Cherdie Heath, to be second daughter of the late W. H. Platt, of Gatley.

BIBBY: ASHTON.—On the 16th im Parish Church, Birkdale, IVOE & a cond son of Mr. and Mrs. Bibl SARAH (Sallie), only daughter of M ASHTON, The Lodge, Brighton Ro Manchester.

Manchester.

MATHIE: MILES.—On July 16, at the Caurch, by the Rev. J. M. Shot ROBERT, second son of Mr. and Mr. of 46, Trenent Road, Pendieton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. D. 1 Lane, Eccles.—57, Crimfield Road,

SILVER WEDDING

OLITHEROW: WHITE—On the 18th Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Ox chester, by the Rev. J. Lees, CLITHEROW, of London, to JESSIE sight, Manchester.

DEATHS.

ABDERN.—On the 15th inst., at Bonis MARY ANN, wife of the late Lawrer of Hasel Mount, Stockport. Interme Cemetery to-day (Monday), twelve Bostron Bros., Market Place, Stockp

ARMITAGE.—On the 16th inst, at 9
Withington, ANNIE, widow of
ARMITAGE (late of Lévenshulme).
port Borough Cemetery on Tuesda;

port Borough Crmesery on Tuesday.

BARRY.—On the 14th inst., accident
Oxford, EDWARD BARRY, B.A., on
and Elizabeth Barry, of 18, St. An
Openahaw, in his 22nd year. R.

St. Anne's Church, Farrfield, on I
prior to interment at Moston Cemet
Messra. Fyans and Gordon, Ltd. (67 BAYNE.—On July 15, 1921, the resul THOMAS BAYNE, of St. Annes-on-5 Bayne and Son, Ltd., Burnley, age at the Burnley Cemetery on Tuesda, at twolve noon. All inquiries to

at twelve noor Ltd., Burnley. CHAMBERS.—On the 16th inst., at in her 27th year, CHEMTINE, th daughter of lim. H. and the late 9, 8t. Clement's Road, Chorhen-out

DAVID.—On the 28th May, at Bagdad, a father of M. S. S. DAVID, 59, White chester. Deeply regretted by his sons.

RRAR.—On 14th inst., at Westrick's HANNAH FARRAR (formerly Books HANNAE FARRAR (formerly Beeffil)
ARRAR—On the 14th inst., at Westric
field, HANRAH, only surviving day
Thomas FARRAR, of Beech Beek,
79 years. Interment at Stand Unit
day (Monday), at three o'clock.
ALLIMORE—On Friday, 15th inst.,
Royal Infirmary, SAMUZZ GALLAM,
wick Street, aged 58. For 38 year
of Walter Carter, Lide, Depositories,
meet at the Southern Competery on

"MEMORICAL Acts 12th and 4th teach

JONES.—On the 18th inst., at the res 27, Leach Street, Prestwich, in MARTHA ELLEX, whow of the is of Monton Green, and we inter-Cumstery on Friday the 15th inst.

SHIRLET.—On the 15th inst, at MARGARET. SIMA, wife of John MARGARET ANNIA, wife of John Delanter Avenue, Pendleton, in he terment at Weanto Consettery this 13 46 a.m. Inquiries to Batemans, ALLOW.—On the 9th inst., at Blobs dernfield, EMILY, rife of Edmun-daughter of the lett' Major, William I abeater. Interest Almonditury Om ULEER.—On the 15th inst., at 58, C. on-H., HANNAH, widow of the he No Source, by Pennant.

No Sowers, by request, WITHINGTON —On the 15th inst., En-husband of Annie WITHINGTON, of lands. Interment at Brookings C

MILHER.—In loving memory of F7 MILHER, younger sen of the late Ben jami, of 121, Fundales Bend, Bothdale, Mili

AN, ISLA.

MILETON. WINTERSHOTTON. On
18-90, 1914, P. MILETON and R.
Schricked Visionic of the line L. S. E.
Repul Pus. (U.P.9). Gentlehiby midby the Earths. Authorithm.

ANNAL TO

AMES C. BROOMS,